

Loss on drying (2.2.32): maximum 0.5 per cent, determined on 1.000 g by drying in an oven *in vacuo* at 50 °C over *diphosphorus pentoxide R* for 2 h.

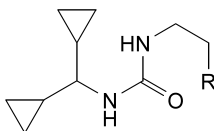
ASSAY

Dissolve 0.200 g in 50 ml of *anhydrous acetic acid R*. Titrate with 0.1 M *perchloric acid*, determining the end-point potentiometrically (2.2.20).

1 ml of 0.1 M *perchloric acid* is equivalent to 27.82 mg of $C_{10}H_{19}N_2O_5P$.

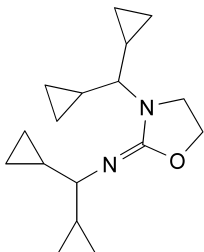
IMPURITIES

Specified impurities: A, B, C.



A. R = OH: 1-(dicyclopropylmethyl)-3-(2-hydroxyethyl)urea,

B. R = Cl: 1-(2-chloroethyl)-3-(dicyclopropylmethyl)urea,

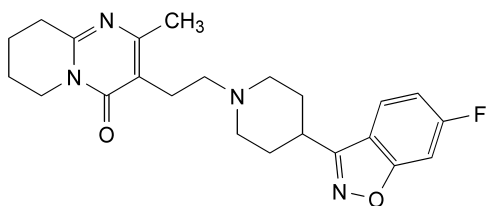


C. *N*,3-bis(dicyclopropylmethyl)oxazolidin-2-imine.

01/2008:1559
corrected 6.0

RISPERIDONE

Risperidonum



$C_{23}H_{27}FN_4O_2$
[106266-06-2]

M_r 410.5

DEFINITION

3-[2-[4-(6-Fluoro-1,2-benzisoxazol-3-yl)piperidin-1-yl]ethyl]-2-methyl-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-4*H*-pyrido[1,2-*a*]pyrimidin-4-one.

Content: 99.0 per cent to 101.0 per cent (dried substance).

CHARACTERS

Appearance: white or almost white powder.

Solubility: practically insoluble in water, freely soluble in methylene chloride, sparingly soluble in ethanol (96 per cent). It dissolves in dilute acid solutions.

It shows polymorphism (5.9).

IDENTIFICATION

Infrared absorption spectrophotometry (2.2.24).

Preparation: discs.

Comparison: *risperidone CRS*.

If the spectra obtained show differences, dissolve the substance to be examined and the reference substance separately in *acetone R*, evaporate to dryness and record new spectra using the residues.

TESTS

Appearance of solution. The solution is clear (2.2.1) and colourless (2.2.2, *Method II*).

Dissolve 0.1 g in a 7.5 g/l solution of *tartaric acid R* and dilute to 100 ml with the same acid solution.

Related substances. Liquid chromatography (2.2.29).

Test solution. Dissolve 0.100 g of the substance to be examined in *methanol R* and dilute to 10.0 ml with the same solvent.

Reference solution (a). Dissolve 10 mg of *risperidone for system suitability CRS* (containing impurities A, B, C, D and E) in *methanol R* and dilute to 1.0 ml with the same solvent.

Reference solution (b). Dilute 1.0 ml of the test solution to 100.0 ml with *methanol R*. Dilute 5.0 ml of this solution to 25.0 ml with *methanol R*.

Column:

- *size*: $l = 0.10$ m, $\varnothing = 4.6$ mm,
- *stationary phase*: base-deactivated octadecylsilyl silica gel for chromatography *R* (3 μ m).

Mobile phase:

- *mobile phase A*: 5 g/l solution of *ammonium acetate R*,
- *mobile phase B*: *methanol R*,

Time (min)	Mobile phase A (per cent V/V)	Mobile phase B (per cent V/V)
0 - 2	70	30
2 - 17	70 → 30	30 → 70
17 - 22	30	70
22 - 23	30 → 70	70 → 30
23 - 27	70	30

Flow rate: 1.5 ml/min.

Detection: spectrophotometer at 260 nm.

Injection: 10 μ l.

Relative retention with reference to risperidone (retention time = about 12 min): impurity A = about 0.69; impurity B = about 0.75; impurity C = about 0.81; impurity D = about 0.94; impurity H = about 0.96; impurity E = about 1.12; impurity F = about 1.32; impurity I = about 1.60.

System suitability: reference solution (a):

- *peak-to-valley ratio*: minimum 1.5, where H_p = height above the baseline of the peak due to impurity D and H_v = height above the baseline of the lowest point of the curve separating this peak from the peak due to risperidone,
- the chromatogram obtained is similar to the chromatogram supplied with *risperidone for system suitability CRS*.

Limits:

- **impurities A, B, C, D, E:** for each impurity, not more than the area of the principal peak in the chromatogram obtained with reference solution (b) (0.2 per cent),
- **any other impurity:** for each impurity, not more than 0.5 times the area of the principal peak in the chromatogram obtained with reference solution (b) (0.1 per cent),
- **total:** not more than 1.5 times the area of the principal peak in the chromatogram obtained with reference solution (b) (0.3 per cent),
- **disregard limit:** 0.25 times the area of the principal peak in the chromatogram obtained with reference solution (b) (0.05 per cent).

Loss on drying (2.2.32): maximum 0.5 per cent, determined on 1.000 g by drying in an oven at 105 °C for 4 h.

Sulphated ash (2.4.14): maximum 0.1 per cent, determined on 1.0 g in a platinum crucible.

ASSAY

Dissolve 0.160 g in 70 ml of a mixture of 1 volume of *anhydrous acetic acid R* and 7 volumes of *methyl ethyl ketone R* and titrate with 0.1 M *perchloric acid*. Determine the end-point potentiometrically (2.2.20).

1 ml of 0.1 M *perchloric acid* is equivalent to 20.53 mg of C₂₃H₂₇FN₄O₂.

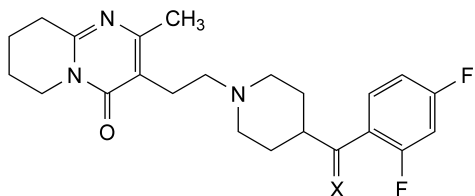
STORAGE

Protected from light.

IMPURITIES

Specified impurities: A, B, C, D, E.

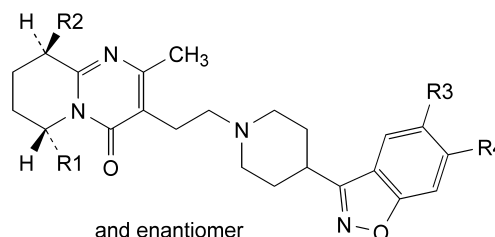
Other detectable impurities (the following substances would, if present at a sufficient level, be detected by one or other of the tests in the monograph. They are limited by the general acceptance criterion for other/unspecified impurities and/or by the general monograph *Substances for pharmaceutical use* (2034). It is therefore not necessary to identify these impurities for demonstration of compliance. See also 5.10. *Control of impurities in substances for pharmaceutical use*): F, H, I.



A. X = N-OH: 3-[2-[4-((*E*)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)(hydroxyimino)methyl)piperidin-1-yl]ethyl]-2-methyl-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one,

B. X = N-OH: 3-[2-[4-((*Z*)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)(hydroxyimino)methyl)piperidin-1-yl]ethyl]-2-methyl-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one,

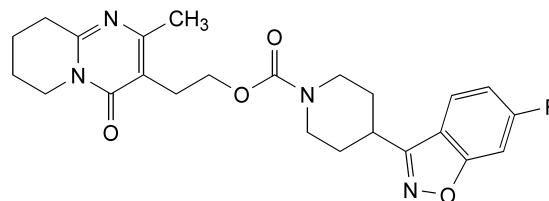
H. X = O: 3-[2-[4-(2,4-difluorobenzoyl)piperidin-1-yl]ethyl]-2-methyl-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one,



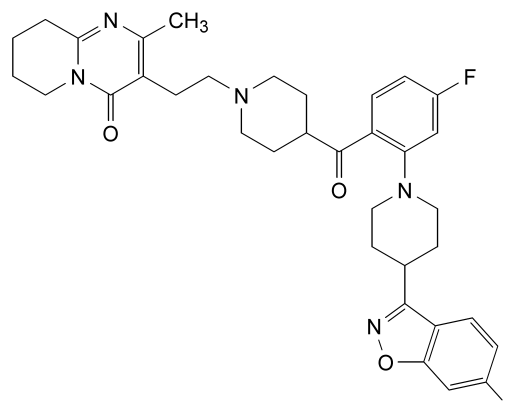
C. R1 = R3 = H, R2 = OH, R4 = F: (9*RS*)-3-[2-[4-(6-fluoro-1,2-benzisoxazol-3-yl)piperidin-1-yl]ethyl]-9-hydroxy-2-methyl-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one,

D. R1 = R2 = R4 = H, R3 = F: 3-[2-[4-(5-fluoro-1,2-benzisoxazol-3-yl)piperidin-1-yl]ethyl]-2-methyl-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one,

E. R1 = CH₃, R2 = R3 = H, R4 = F: (6*RS*)-3-[2-[4-(6-fluoro-1,2-benzisoxazol-3-yl)piperidin-1-yl]ethyl]-2,6-dimethyl-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one,



F. 2-[2-methyl-4-oxo-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-3-yl]ethyl 4-(6-fluoro-1,2-benzisoxazol-3-yl)piperidin-1-carboxylate,



I. 3-[2-[4-[4-fluoro-2-[4-(6-fluoro-1,2-benzisoxazol-3-yl)piperidin-1-yl]benzoyl]piperidin-1-yl]ethyl]-2-methyl-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one.